

Mainframe@60: The Diamond Anniversary of Digital Dominance

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Mainframe@60: The Diamond Anniversary of Digital Dominance

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Leverage Event Driven Ansible to reduce your automation reaction time

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November 2024

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GSE UK Conference 2024 Charities

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About me

- Working in IT since 2004, mostly in operations roles
- Ansible user since 2013
- Author of 5 books, 4 of which on Ansible
- ► EMEA Principal Specialist Solution Architect for Ansible @ Red Hat



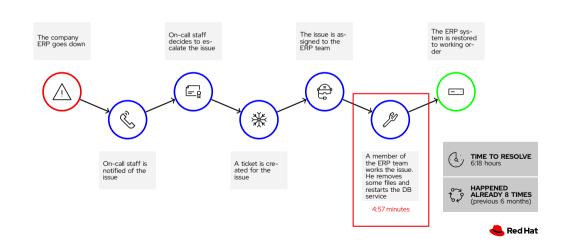
Disclaimer

Everything we will discuss today is fully Open Source. It works in the same way on both Community and Enterprise editions.





What happened



Event-Driven Ansible



Ansible

- Suite of Infrastructure as Code tools
- Open Source
- Mainly push mode (agent-less)
- Infrastructure as Data (in YAML format)
- Very gentle learning curve
- Very readable code
- Collections to support code-reusability
- Ecosystem



Ansible Playbook

```
- hosts: all
  become: True
  tasks:
    - name: Ensure httpd is installed
      ansible.builtin.package:
        name: httpd
        state: latest
    - name: Ensure httpd is started
      ansible.builtin.service:
        name: httpd
        state: started
```

🦺 Red Hat

Automate event workflow

PECIDE ON RESPONSE ■ Work with many different sources of events ■ Send important events to Event-Driven Ansible ■ DECIDE ON RESPONSE ■ Known problem identified ■ Automated resolution triggered ■ Coutage incident created ■ Support team notified ■ Remediation executed

WORK ACROSS MULTI-DOMAIN AND MULTI-VENDOR IT OPERATIONS

Work flexibly and well with multi-domain and multi-vendor monitoring and other solutions across the event driven architecture with appropriate approvals, controls and awareness



Event-Driven Ansible advantages



Flexible event-driven automation

Flexible from source to rule to action with multiple event sources. Create and change automation easily.



IT environment friendly

Automate any IT use case quickly and simply.
Jumpstart with many content collections available.



Robust automation handling

Scalable decisioning and implementation with flexible actions.



Single automation platform

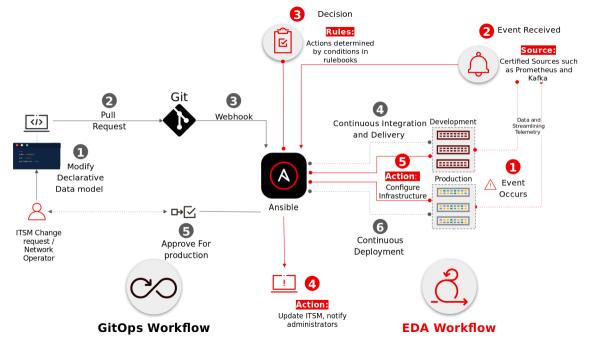
Choose your automation style, leverage existing automation content and extend skills.



Common use cases

- Networking: port events, route events
- Infrastructure: resource limits events
- Security: IDS events, user creation events
- Applications: service events
- Cloud: scaling events, service bus events
- Logs: logs enrichment





How does EDA work



Key building blocks in EDA



Sources

All the sources of event data you want to use



Rules

What you will create using Event-Driven Ansible



Actions

When a condition or event is met, the Ansible Rulebook executes



Events sources

- Common
 - file (loading facts from yaml)
 - file_watch
 - iournald
 - range
 - url_check (url status check)
 - webhooks
- Clouds
 - AWS CloudTrail
 - AWS SQS
 - Azure Service Bus

- Specific software
 - CrowdStrike
 - ► F5
 - ► IBM Instana ► IBM Turbonomic
 - LogicMonitor
 - Kafka (AMQ Streams)
 - ► Palo Alto Networks
 - PostgreSQL PubSub
 - Prometheus/Alertmanager
 - Red Hat Insights
 - Zabbix
- Brying your own



Webhook event source

sources:

- ansible.eda.webhook:

host: 0.0.0.0

port: 5000



Events Filters

- Clearing out the extra data and defining what is relevant
- Provided filters:
 - Include and exclude keys from the event object with json_filter
 - Change dashes in all keys in the payload to underscores with dashes_to_underscores
- ► Each event has the eda.builtin.insert_meta_info filter added by ansible-rulebook
- Filters can be chained one after the other
- Bring your own filters!



Filters: an example



Key building blocks in EDA



Sources

All the sources of event data you want to use



Rules

What you will create using Event-Driven Ansible



Actions

When a condition or event is met, the Ansible Rulebook executes



Rules

- Event-Driven Ansible uses rules to determine if an action or actions should take place
- Can have a single or multiple conditions
- Can have a single or multiple actions



Rules Conditions

- Conditions can use information from:
 - Received event
 - Previously saved events within a rule
 - Longer term facts about a system
 - Variables provided by vars
- A condition can contain:
 - One condition
 - Multiple conditions where all of them have to match
 - Multiple conditions where any one of them has to match
- Supported condition data types: integers, strings, booleans, floats, null
- Is possible to set facts and events in rules



Rules Actions

- ► Simple YAML structure for logical conditions
- Events can trigger different types of actions:
 - run_playbook
 - run_template
 - run_module
 - set_fact
 - post_event
 - print_event
 - retract_fact
 - shutdown
 - debug



Rules: an example

```
rules:
  - name: A remediation rule with one condition and one action
    condition: event.outage == true
    action:
      run playbook:
        name: remediate_outage.vml
  - name: A remediation rule with multiple conditions and actions
    condition:
      all:
        - event.outage == true
        - fact.ansible_os_family == "linux"
    actions:
      - run_playbook:
          name: remediate_outage.yml
      - print_event:
          pretty: true
```



Rules throttling

- Group events by attributes
- Possible to run the first time in a timeframe with once_within
- Possible to collect the events in the timeframe and then run with once_after
- Time units are milliseconds, seconds, minutes, hours, days



Rules throttling: an example

```
rules:
  - name: Throttle example reactive
    condition: event.outage == true
    throttle:
      once within: 5 minutes
      group by attributes:
        - event.meta.hosts
        - event code
    action:
      run playbook:
        name: notify_outage.yml
  - name: Throttle example passive
    condition: event.outage == true
    throttle
      once after: 5 minutes
      group_by_attributes:
        - event.meta.hosts
        - event.code
    action:
      run_playbook:
        name: notify_outage.yml
```



Rulesets

- A ruleset requires:
 - A unique name
 - A defined event source(s)
 - Hosts similar to Ansible Playbooks
 - A list of defined rules
- Rulesets run separate sessions in the Rules Engine
 - Events and Facts are kept separate for each ruleset
 - Actions allow a Ruleset to post events or facts to itself or other Rulesets in a Rulebook



Rulesets: an example

```
- name: My ruleset
 hosts: all
 sources:
   - ansible.eda.webhook:
       host: 0.0.0.0
       port: 5000
 filters:
   - json_filter:
       include kevs: ['clone url']
       exclude_keys: ['*_url', '_links', 'base']
 rules
    - name: My remediation rule
     condition: event.outage == true
     action:
       run_playbook:
         name: remediate_outage.yml
```



Rulebooks

- Rulebooks are made of one or more rulesets
- Multiple different sources can be defined in a Rulebook
- Rulebooks can have a similar structure to a Playbook with multiple plays.



Rulebooks: an example

```
- name: My ruleset 1
 hosts: all
  sources:
    - ansible eda webbook:
       host: 0.0.0.0
       port: 5000
 rules:
    - name: My remediation rule
      condition: event.outage == true
      action:
       debug:
- name: My ruleset 2
 hosts: all
 sources:
    - ansible.eda.webhook:
       host: 0.0.0.0
       port: 5001
 rules:
    - name: My remediation rule
      condition: event.outage == true
      action:
       debug:
```



EDA Examples

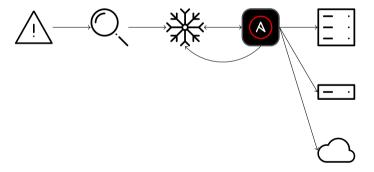


Logs enriching

- ▶ Automatically generated tickets are often raised with limited information in them.
- It takes time for the operator to extract the needed logs.
- ▶ There are some logs that are always useful (at least for certain classes of issues).



Logs enriching





z/VM: Workload pressure

- Virtual machine based workload on z/VM (Apache, WAS, MQ, etc.)
- Workload distributed between VMs in two z/VM systems by a load balancer
- One system becomes constrained
- Possible solutions
 - Reconfigure LB
 - Relocate VM(s)
 - Reconfigure VM(s)
- All those options can be automated with EDA + AAC



Takeaways



Takeaways

- Triggering automation from events can help reduce or prevent outages
- Event-Driven Ansible can reuse the Ansible code you already have
- As long as you have an event generator, you can use Event-Driven Ansible
- ► Event-Driven Ansible can simplify Mainframes-related processes







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